Indicator Participation

Participation Expectations for Accountability Model Reporting

Participation is a key component to ensuring that data accurately reflects the results reported in the accountability model. For assessments used in the Performance Composite indicator, The ACT indicator, and the ACT WorkKeys indicator, there is a 95% participation requirement. Current year End of Course (EOC) assessments will have a participation requirement that will count separately from the use of the EOC assessments in participation for federal reporting. This rule requires all schools to test at least 95% of their eligible students under each indicator within their school. Failure to comply with this rule will result in the following:

Year 1 consequence for not meeting participation rate requirements for any subgroup:
Within 30 days after accountability results are approved by the State Board of Education (SBE), the school must send a letter (text provided by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction [NCDPI]) to all parents informing them of the inadequate participation rate. Each letter must also provide a plan of action for ensuring full participation for all subgroups, specifically targeting those that did not have adequate participation.

Year 2 consequence for not meeting participation rate requirements for any subgroup:
The school will be labeled as a “consistently low-participating school” and will be required to create and implement an intensive intervention plan aligned with ensuring participation rates for all sub-groups to reach 95%. At the state level, within the Statewide System of Support, these schools will receive the most intensive support with the issue of participation rates.

Year 3 consequence of not meeting participation rate requirements for any subgroup:
The NCDPI will count non-participating students as not proficient. The number of additional students who will be counted as not proficient will be equal to the number of students that are needed to achieve a 95% participation rate in any subgroup. An additional letter (text provided by the NCDPI) must be sent home by the school indicating a third year of inadequate participation and providing a plan to ensure full participation for all subgroups.

1) Performance Composite
   a. Participation in the Performance Composite is all eligible students in membership (i.e., enrolled in a school) at grades 3 through 8 and 10 and in high school courses in which an EOC assessment is administered. Assessments in the performance composite include End of Grade (EOG) English Language Arts/Reading and Math at grades 3-8, EOG Science at grades 5 and 8; EOC assessments in Algebra I/Integrated I, English II, and Biology; and the alternate assessments for all EOG and EOC assessments.
      i. Students who are absent from the assessment count against participation.
      ii. Students who choose to use a previous proficient EOC assessment score from an earlier administration do not count against participation and are removed from both the numerator and denominator.
      iii. Students who are identified as limited English proficient (LEP) who score below Level 4.0 Expanding on the reading subtest of the WIDA ACCESS Placement Test (W-APT™) and are in their first year in United States schools use the W-APT reading placement test as the indicator of participation in reading (including English II, when applicable).
   b. Students excluded from participation.
      i. Students with an NCDPI-approved medical exception do not count against participation and are removed from both the numerator and denominator.
2) **Math Course Rigor (Future Ready Core Math)**
   a. Participation in Math Course Rigor is all current graduates on the Future Ready Core course of study (i.e., 9th graders entering 2009-10 and beyond) except for the following:
      i. Students who are on the Future Ready Occupational Course of Study (designated by the graduation plan codes of FRC9 or OCC/OCS).
      ii. Students identified as significantly cognitively disabled and received instruction on the NC Extended Content Standards.

3) **Graduation Rate**
   a. Participation in the Cohort Graduation Rate is the count of students that are part of a designated cohort. The cohort begins when the student enters the 9th grade for the first time. This is determined by the data collected from the public schools through the authoritative sources. Both a standard graduation rate (four year cohort) and an extended graduation rate (five year cohort) are calculated for reporting purposes. Early Colleges’ standard graduation cohort is based on five years, and their extended graduation cohort is based on six years.

4) **The ACT Performance Measure**
   a. Participation in The ACT performance measure is calculated by taking the number of students in the 11th grade based on the March data collection and comparing it to the number of scored assessments.
      i. Students who have an approved opt-out request submitted by the LEA Test Coordinator are included in the participation rate.
      ii. Students who take the NCEXTEND1 Alternate Assessment at Grade 11 are included in the participation rate.
      iii. Students who were absent from the administration count against participation.
      iv. Students whose assessments were declared misadministrations count against participation.
   b. Students who are excluded from participation include the following:
      i. Students who are repeating the 11th grade, and therefore not eligible to test, do not count against participation and are removed from both the numerator and denominator.
      ii. Students with an NCDPI-approved medical exception do not count against participation and are removed from both the numerator and denominator.

5) **ACT WorkKeys Performance Measure**
   a. Participation in the ACT WorkKeys performance measure is based on the number of current graduates who are CTE concentrators, as indicated by their graduation plan.
      i. Students who are absent count against participation.
      ii. Students who have an approved opt-out request submitted by the LEA Test Coordinator are included in the participation rate.
      iii. Students on the Occupational Course of Study (FRC9 or OCC/OCS) or on the CRP course of study who take the ACT WorkKeys assessment are included in participation.
   b. Students excluded from participation:
      i. Students with an NCDPI-approved medical exception do not count against participation and are removed from both the numerator and denominator.
Indicator Performance

1) Performance Composite
   a. The Performance Composite is calculated as the number of proficient scores on all EOG and EOC tests for the current year divided by the number of all EOG and EOC scores on all tests for the current year.
      i. For schools that start with 9th grade, their 9th grade students who previously took an EOC assessment have banked scores from the previous EOC used as part of the current year performance composite, unless the students took the assessment again in the current year.
      ii. Students identified as LEP who score below Level 4.0 Expanding on the reading subtest of the W‐APT and are in their first year in United States schools are not included in the numerator or denominator for performance composite calculations.
      iii. All students with disabilities who take an alternate assessment are included in the performance composite calculations.
         1. The number of students that an LEA deems proficient based upon alternate academic achievement standards shall not exceed 1 percent on these assessments. This applies to state, LEA, and school-level reporting, but it does not apply to student-level reporting.
            a. If an LEA has greater than 1 percent of its students proficient based on these standards, the LEA superintendent may apply to the state superintendent for an exception as prescribed in the Federal Register, April 9, 2007, Vol. 72 No. 67 RIN 1810-AA98.
            b. If an LEA has greater than 1 percent of its students proficient based on these standards and does not receive an exception to the 1 percent limit, the state shall reassign enough proficient students’ scores held to these standards to non-proficient such that the LEA will fall within the 1 percent limitation according to the procedures in the North Carolina Accountability Workbook Flexibility Addendum (as accepted by the United States Department of Education).
               i. For this purpose, a student is considered proficient if they are deemed proficient in reading, mathematics, or both.
         2. The number of students that an LEA deems proficient based upon modified academic achievement standards shall not exceed 2 percent on these assessments. This applies to state, LEA, and school-level reporting, but it does not apply to student-level reporting.
            a. If an LEA has greater than 2 percent of its students proficient based on these standards, the state shall reassign enough proficient students’ scores held to these standards to non-proficient such that the LEA will fall within the limitations as stated in Section 200.13 of the Federal Register and according to the procedures in the North Carolina Accountability Workbook Flexibility Addendum (as accepted by the United States Department of Education). LEAs that do not fulfill the 1 percent limit of the most seriously cognitively disabled students may add the unfilled percent to the allowable 2 percent.
               i. For this purpose, a student is considered proficient if they are deemed proficient in reading, mathematics, or both.
2) **Math Course Rigor (Future Ready Core Math)**
   a. Math Course Rigor is calculated by determining the number of current graduates who have earned credit in the designated math course of Math III (Algebra II, Integrated Math III, or Common Core Math III) divided by the number of current graduates as identified by participation rules.

3) **Graduation Rate**
   a. The graduation rate is calculated using both the standard graduation rate and the extended graduation rate for a school. The number of graduates is divided by the number of students who should have graduated within the designated cohort on both the standard and extended graduation rates. For more information on the cohort graduation rate calculation, please see [http://www.ncpublicschools.org/docs/accountability/reporting/cohortgradratecalc13.pdf](http://www.ncpublicschools.org/docs/accountability/reporting/cohortgradratecalc13.pdf).

4) **The ACT Performance Measure**
   a. The ACT performance measure is based on the current year total number of students meeting the UNC minimum composite of 17 divided by the number of students who have a composite score.
      i. Students who have an approved opt-out request submitted by the LEA Test Coordinator are included in the performance measure as meeting the UNC system minimum composite of 17.
      ii. Students who are identified as LEP in their first year of United States schools are not included in performance.
      iii. Students taking the NCEXTEND1 Alternate Assessment at Grade 11 are not included in performance.

5) **ACT WorkKeys Performance Measure**
   a. The ACT WorkKeys performance measure is calculated by taking the ACT WorkKeys participants who score silver or better on the assessment divided by the number of ACT WorkKeys participants.
      i. Students who have an approved opt-out request submitted by the LEA Test Coordinator are included in the performance measure as meeting silver or better on the ACT WorkKeys assessment.

**Additional Measures Reported**

**Graduation Project:** The North Carolina State Board of Education (December 2011) included the North Carolina Graduation Project (NCGP) as one of the six indicators in the revised high school accountability model. The Board specified that high school graduation projects must meet defined "Standards of Quality" in order for a high school to receive credit for the NCGP. High schools are not penalized if they do not require a graduation project; however, information is reported out for those that do or do not. Effective with the 2012-13 data collection, participation in the NCGP is shown on the accountability reporting site as ‘Yes’, ‘No’, or ‘N/A’. To review the procedures of implementing and reporting the graduation project refer to the following document: [http://www.ncpublicschools.org/docs/gradrequirements/resources/standards-of-quality.pdf](http://www.ncpublicschools.org/docs/gradrequirements/resources/standards-of-quality.pdf).
Business Rules Documentation for Use in the North Carolina READY Accountability Model Accountability Year 2012-2013

Definitions Used in Accountability Measures

Standard Graduation Rate—the rate determined to be the expected amount of time a student will be in school in order to graduate ‘on time’. The standard graduation rate typically is 4 years. Some schools have a 5-year standard rate based on the configuration of the instruction in the school.

Extended Graduation Rate—the rate determined to be an extension of the standard rate by 1 year. The student graduates one year later than the expected amount of time to graduate on the standard graduation rate. The extended graduation rate is typically 5 years. Some schools have a 6-year extended rate based on the configuration of the instruction in the school.

End-of-Grade—the summative assessments administered to students at grades 3-8 used for measuring school performance for state and federal accountability reporting. These include grades 3-8 math and English language arts/reading, grades 5 and 8 science, and the alternates for these assessments.

End-of-Course—the summative assessments administered to students enrolled in a course that triggers an assessment be given. These assessments are Algebra I/Integrated I, English II, Biology, and the alternates for these assessments.

ACT Opt-out—students who submit a request to the LEA/charter school to not be required to participate in The ACT because they have previously taken The ACT or SAT and met the eligibility criteria to be exempted from taking The ACT during the state administration.

To meet the eligibility criteria, students must have either SAT or ACT tests scores that meet the following college readiness benchmarks:

**SAT** college readiness benchmark scores include all of the following subtests:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>SAT Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Critical Reading</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writing</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ACT** college readiness benchmark scores include all of the following subtests:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>ACT Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writing</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ACT WorkKeys Opt-out**—students who submit a request to the LEA/charter school to not be required to participate in the ACT WorkKeys because they previously took the ACT WorkKeys assessment and met the eligibility criteria to be exempt from taking the ACT WorkKeys during the state administration.

To meet the eligibility criteria, students must have received a Silver, Gold, or Platinum WorkKeys certificate.